PATENT COOPERATION TREATY

PCT

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

REC'D 0 7 NOV 2005
WIPO PCT

(PCT Artcle 36 and Rule 70)

Applicant's or agent's file reference	FOR FURTHER ACTIO		onofTransmittalofInternationa	
2003OPA2765		Examination		
International application No. PCT/KR2003/001494	International filing date(day/) 25 JULY 2003 (25.07.)		Priority date (day/month/yea	ar)
International Patent Classification (IPC	C) or national classification and	IPC		•
IPC7 C07C 29/00				
Applicant				
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II Priority				
III Non-establishme	nt of opinion with regard to nov	elty, inventive step	and industrial applicability	
IV Lack of unity of	invention			
Reasoned statem	nent under Article 35(2) with replanations supporting such stater		entive step or industrial applic	ability;
VI Certain documen	nts cited .			
. VII Certain defects in	n the international application			•
VIII Certain observat	ions on the international applica	ation		
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Date of submission of the demand		Date of completion	of this report	
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25 FEBRUARY 20	05 (25.02.2005)	23 SEPTE	MBER 2005 (23.09.2005)	
Name and mailing address of the IP	EA/KR	Authorized officer		54 1 Inc.
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Facsimile No. 82-42-472-7140		Telephone No. 82	2-42-481-5543	ten track

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION REPORT

International application No.

PCT/KR2003/001494 I. Basis of the report 1. With regard to the elements of the international application:* the international application as originally filed the description: , as originally filed pages , filed with the demand NONE pages filed with the letter of NONE pages the claims: , as originally filed pages , as amended (together with any statment) under Article 19 NONE pages , filed with the demand NONE pages , filed with the letter of NONE pages the drawings: , as originally filed pages , filed with the demand pages filed with the letter of the sequence listing part of the description: , as originally filed pages . , filed with the demand pages. filed with the letter of: pages With regard to the language, all the elements marked above were available or furnished to this Authority in the language in which the international application was filed, unless otherwise indicated under this item. These elements were available or furnished to this Authority in the following language English · which is the language of a translation furnished for the purposes of international search (under Rule 23.1(b)). the language of publication of the international application (under Rule 48.3(b)). the language of the translation furnished for the purposes of international preliminary examination (under Rules 55.2 and/ or 55.3). 3. With regard to any nucleotide and/or amino acid sequence disclosed in the international application, the international preliminary examination was carried out on the basis of the sequence listing: contained in the international application in written form. filed together with the international application in computer readable form. furnished subsequently to this Authority in written form. furnished subsequently to this Authority in computer readable form The statement that the subsequently furnished written sequence listing does not go beyond the disc losure in the international applicationas as filed has been furinshed. The statement that the information recorded in computer readable form is identical to the written sequence listing has been furnished. The amendments have resulted in the cancellation of: the description, pages the claims, Nos. the drawings, sheets 5. This report has been established as if (some of) the amendments had not been made, since they have been considered to go beyond the disclosure as filed, as indicated in the Supplemental Box(Rule 70.2(c)).** Replacement sheets which have been furnished to the receiving Office in response to an invitation under Article 14 are referred to in this opinion as "originally filed." and are not annexed to this report since they do not contain amendments (Rules 70.16 and 70.17). ** Any replacement sheet containing such amendments must be referred to under item I and annexed to this report.

INTERNATIONAL PRELIMINARY EXAMINATION

International application No.
PCT/KR2003/001494

v. Reasoned statement under Article 35(2) with regard to	novelty, inventive step or industrial applicability;
citations and explanations supporting such statement	

Statement			
Novelty (N)	Claims	1 - 21	YES
	Claims	NONE	 NO
Inventive step (IS)	Claims	1 - 21	 YES
	Claims	NONE	NO
Industrial applicability (IA)	Claims	1 - 21	YES
	Claims	NONE	NO

- 2. Citations and explanations (Rule 70.7)
 - 1. Reference is made to the following documents:

D1: KR 2001-0040121

D2: Organometallics(1999, v.18, PP.3981-3990)

2. Novelty and Inventive Step

The present invention relates to a method for preparing (S)—chiral alcohol with high yield and high optical purity by mixing achiral substrates such as racemic alcohol or ketone with metal catalyst and protein hydrolase to perform a dynamic kinetic resolution reaction.

Document D1, which is considered to represent the most relevant state of the art, discloses a process for preparing a chiral ester by reacting a)racemic alcohol, b)a ruthenium complex catalyst, c)a lipase to acylate selectively one of enantiomers of said racemice alcohol, and d)an acyl donor group to supply acyl group to said lipase.

Docment D2 discloses the racemization of α -hydroxy ester using Pseudomonas cepacia lipase, ruthenium catalyst, and 4-chlorophenyl acetate as acyl donor in cyclohexane.

Although D1-D2 relate to methods for preparing optically active alcohol using enzyme catalyst, metal catalyst, and acyl donor like the present invention, they are different from the present invention in that since lipase is used as enzyme catalyst in the prior art documents, only R-entiaomer(that is, R-chiral alcohol) can be synthesized, whereas the present invention can provide a method of synthesizing (S)-chiral alcohol enantioselectively with high purity and high yield.

Moreover, a protein hydrolysis enzyme in the present invention, which plays a useful role in stimulating the enantioselective acylation of a racemic compound, is used as opposite stereoselectivity to lipase in D1-D2. Consequently, the present invention provides a novel process for preparing the (S)-chiral alcohol which is not easily exchangeable by the those who are skilled in the art and suggests a synthesis method of (S)-chiral alcohols with high optical purity and high yield.

Therfore, the subject matter of claims 1-21 of the present invention is considered to be novel and to involve an inventive step in the sense of PCT Article 33(2) and (3).

3. Industrial applicability

The subject matter of the claim 1-21 is considered to be industrially applicable under PCT Article 33(4).